so venomously against extraterritoriality and the Foreign Concessions, invariably betook himself to his residence in the French Concession at Shanghai when he had succeeded in making Canton too hot for him. There he resided under "Imperialist" police protection, and incidentally, continued to conspire against the recognized Government of China. Earlier in his career he went even further, Twice he falsely claimed American citizenship, and produced forged or perjured documents to support that claim. Once he did so in Siam, where, after twice undertaking—and violating his promise— to abstain from political agitation, the Government ordered his deportation. Americans at that time enjoyed extraterritorial rights in Siam. Dr. Sun claimed American citizenship to avoid deportation, but the American Government refused to consider such a claim on the part of one who was engaged in a conspiracy against a Government friendly to the United States.

On March 9, 1904, Sun Yat-sen had made a swoni deposition before a Notary Public at Hawaii that he was born at Waimanu, Ewa, Qahu, on the 24th of November, 1870, and that his father went back to China in 1874, and died there eight years later. On the strength of this a certificate of birth in the Islands was issued to him. Needless to say the deposition was entirely false. Sun

was born in the Hsiang Shan region of Kwangtung in November, 1866, and his father never left China.

Posing to his coutrymen as the arch-foe of China's domination by foreign "Imperialists'* he sought on more than one occasion to sell out